**Product Manual** 

# OxiSelect™ Cellular UV-Induced DNA Damage ELISA Kit (CPD)

**Catalog Number** 

STA-326	96 assays
STA-326-5	5 x 96 assays

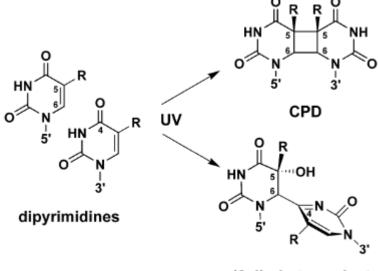
FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY Not for use in diagnostic procedures



# **Introduction**

Absorption of ultraviolet (UV) light produces two predominant types of DNA damage, cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPD) and pyrimidine (6-4) pyrimidone photoproducts (6-4PP) (Figure 1). The result is a transition of C to T and CC to TT, which are the most frequent mutations of p53 in both human and mouse skin cancers. UV damaged DNA is usually repaired by nucleotide excision repair (NER) or base excision repair (BER). After UV exposure, cells activate p53 and stall the cell cycle for repair. If the damage is too severe, the cell will trigger apoptosis to get rid of DNA damaged, potentially mutant cells.

Cell Biolabs' OxiSelect<sup>™</sup> Cellular UV-induced DNA Damage ELISA Kit (CPD) is an enzyme immunoassay developed for rapid detection of CPDs in genomic DNA of cultured cells. Each kit provides sufficient reagents to perform up to 96 assays.



(6-4) photoproduct

#### Figure 1: Structures of DNA lesions induced by UV Light

# Assay Principle

Cells are first seeded in a 96-well tissue culture plate. Wells are then UV irradiated to induce DNA damage. After fixation and denaturation, cells containing CPD damage are probed with an anti-CPD antibody, followed by an HRP conjugated secondary antibody. The unbound secondary antibody is removed during a wash step, and substrate solution reactive with HRP is added to the wells. The reaction is terminated by addition of acid and absorbance is measured at 450 nm.

#### **Related Products**

- 1. STA-320: OxiSelect<sup>TM</sup> Oxidative DNA Damage ELISA Kit (8-OHdG Quantitation)
- 2. STA-321: OxiSelect<sup>TM</sup> DNA Double-Strand Break (DSB) Staining Kit
- 3. STA-322: OxiSelect<sup>™</sup> UV-induced DNA Damage ELISA Kit (CPD Quantitation)
- 4. STA-323: OxiSelect<sup>™</sup> UV-induced DNA Damage ELISA Kit (6-4PP Quantitation)
- 5. STA-324: OxiSelect<sup>TM</sup> Oxidative DNA Damage Quantitation Kit (AP sites)



#### Kit Components (shipped at room temperature)

- 1. <u>Anti-CPD Antibody</u>, 100X (Part No. 232601): One 100 μL vial.
- 2. <u>Secondary Antibody, HRP Conjugate</u> (Part No. 10902): One 50 µL vial.
- 3. <u>Denaturation Solution A, 100X</u> (Part No. 232602): One 200 µL vial.
- 4. <u>Denaturation Solution B, 100X</u> (Part No. 232603): One 200 µL vial.
- 5. Assay Diluent (Part No. 310804): One 50 mL bottle.
- 6. <u>10X Wash Buffer</u> (Part No. 250007): One 50 mL bottle.
- 7. Substrate Solution (Part No. 310807): One 12 mL amber bottle.
- 8. <u>Stop Solution</u> (Part. No. 310808): One 12 mL bottle.

## **Materials Not Supplied**

- 1. 96-well tissue culture plate
- 2. Cell line of interest
- 3. UV crosslinker, irradiator, or germicidal lamp
- 4. DPBS containing magnesium and calcium
- 5. 75% Methanol/25% Acetic Acid
- 6. 70% Ethanol

#### **Storage**

Store all kit components at 4°C.

#### **Preparation of Reagents**

- 1X Wash Buffer: Dilute the 10X Wash Buffer Concentrate to 1X with deionized water. Stir to homogeneity.
- Anti-CPD Antibody and Secondary Antibody, HRP Conjugate: Immediately before use dilute the Anti-CPD Antibody 1:100 and Secondary Antibody 1:1000 with Assay Diluent. Do not store diluted solutions.
- Denaturation Solution A: Immediately before use dilute the Denaturation Solution A 1:100 with 70% Ethanol. Do not store diluted solution.
- Denaturation Solution B: Immediately before use dilute the Denaturation Solution B 1:100 with DPBS (containing magnesium and calcium). Do not store diluted solution.

#### Assay Protocol

#### I. Cell Seeding

1. Harvest and resuspend cells in culture medium at 2-4 x  $10^5$  cells/mL. Seed 100 µL in each well of a 96-well tissue culture plate and incubate overnight at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> (cells should be > 80% confluent).



#### **II. UV Treatment, Fixation and Denaturation**

- 1. Carefully remove medium from the wells by tilting the plate and aspirating from the edge. Gently add 100  $\mu$ L of DPBS (containing magnesium and calcium) to each well, taking care not to dislodge the cells.
- 2. Perform UV irradiation to desired wells (removal of plate cover is recommended). Include wells without irradiation as a negative control. Samples should be performed in triplicate.
- 3. Aspirate the wells and add 100  $\mu$ L of 75% Methanol/25% Acetic Acid to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Aspirate the wells and add 100  $\mu$ L of 70% Ethanol to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 5. Aspirate the wells and add  $100 \,\mu$ L of Denaturation Solution A (see Preparation of Reagents) to each well. Incubate 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 6. Gently wash 3 times with 200 µL DPBS (containing magnesium and calcium).
- 7. Aspirate the wells and add 100  $\mu$ L of Denaturation Solution B (see Preparation of Reagents) to each well. Incubate 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 8. Aspirate the wells and add 200  $\mu$ L of Assay Diluent to each well. Block the wells 30 minutes at room temperature.

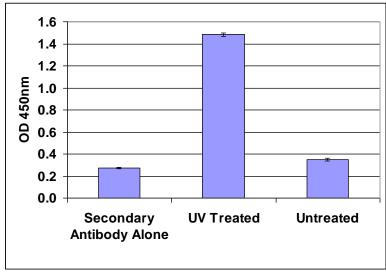
#### **III. CPD Detection**

- 1. Aspirate the wells and add 100  $\mu$ L of the diluted anti-CPD antibody (see Preparation of Reagents) to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker.
- 2. Wash microwell strips 4 times with 250  $\mu$ L 1X Wash Buffer per well with thorough aspiration between each wash. After the last wash, empty wells and tap microwell strips on absorbent pad or paper towel to remove excess 1X Wash Buffer.
- 3. Add 100  $\mu$ L of the diluted Secondary Antibody, HRP Conjugate (see Preparation of Reagents) to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital shaker.
- 4. Wash microwell strips 4 times according to step 2 above. Proceed immediately to the next step.
- 5. Warm Substrate Solution to room temperature. Add 100  $\mu$ L of Substrate Solution to each well, including the blank wells. Incubate at room temperature on an orbital shaker. Actual incubation time may vary from 5-20 minutes.
- 6. Stop the enzyme reaction by adding 100  $\mu$ L of Stop Solution into each well, including the blank wells. Results should be read immediately (color will fade over time).
- 7. Read absorbance of each microwell on a standard microplate reader using 450 nm as the primary wave length.

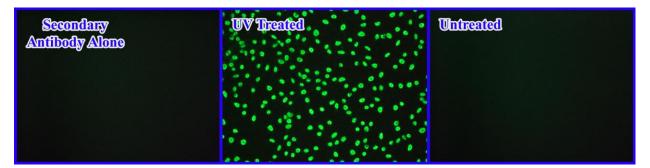


#### **Example of Results**

The following figures demonstrate typical Cellular UV-induced DNA Damage ELISA Kit (CPD) results. One should use the data below for reference only. This data should not be used to interpret actual results.



**Figure 2: DNA Damage Induced by UV Light in HeLa Cells.** HeLa cells were seeded at 20K/well overnight, then exposed to light under a germicidal lamp for 30 minutes. Relative CPD damage was determined as described in the Assay Instructions.



**Figure 3: DNA Damage Induced by UV Light in Hela Cells.** HeLa cells were seeded at 20K/well overnight, then exposed to light under a germicidal lamp for 30 minutes. Immunofluorescence staining of CPD damage was determined using the OxiSelect<sup>TM</sup> Cellular UV-induced DNA Damage Staining Kit (STA-327).

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# **Recent Product Citations**

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